



LAHSA

Emergency Housing Vouchers Update

Ivet Samvelyan, Director of Permanent Housing
Amy Perkins, Consultant

September 1, 2021

EHV Overview



EHV Overview

- 6,800 vouchers available through American Rescue Plan
- Vouchers with no services attached
- Require direct referrals from CES
- Must use Equity Lens for Black Indigenous People of Color (BIPOC)
- Expenditure deadline of 9/30/2023 with 95% lease up by summer 2022
- Same criminal background criteria as CoC vouchers
 - No manufacturing methamphetamines in federal housing
 - No active registry as sex offender
 - One household member must have documentation status
- Waivers:
 - Fair market rent (FMR)
 - Self -certifications for owner inspections
 - Self -certifications for: client ID, social security number, date of birth, income



EHV Allocations

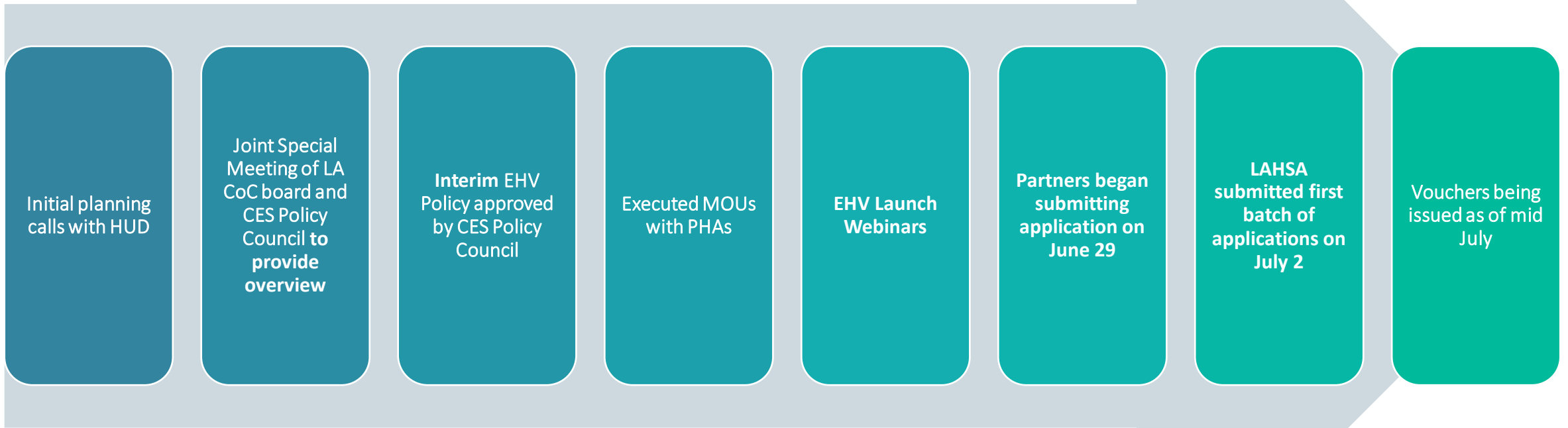
PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY	VOUCHERS ALLOCATED	PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY	VOUCHERS ALLOCATED
HACLA	3,295	Norwalk	46
LACDA	1,964	Pasadena	107
Baldwin Park	43	Pico Rivera	31
Burbank	67	Pomona	78
Compton	53	Redondo Beach	29
Glendale	225	Santa Monica	104
Hawthorne	66	South Gate	34
Inglewood	91	Torrance	33
Long Beach	570	Total LA County Vouchers	6,836

6,805 EHV's accepted by PHAs in LA County

5,903 EHV's in the LA CoC



EHV Implementation Process



Initial planning calls with HUD

Joint Special Meeting of LA CoC board and CES Policy Council to provide overview

Interim EHV Policy approved by CES Policy Council

Executed MOUs with PHAs

EHV Launch Webinars

Partners began submitting application on June 29

LAHSA submitted first batch of applications on July 2

Vouchers being issued as of mid July

Eligible Target Population



Target Population – Priority A. Groups 1 & 2

Priority Level	Eligible Households	LA CES Targeted Groups
A. Group 1	Fleeing, or attempting to flee, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking or human trafficking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Households seeking an emergency transfer through the Interim LAHSA Emergency Transfer Plan under Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) or through the Emergency Transfer Plan of another CoC that participates in the LA CES. - Unhoused or housed households who are fleeing, or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or human trafficking
A. Group 2	Recently Homeless <u>and</u> for whom providing rental assistance will prevent the household’s homelessness or having high risk of housing instability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Households enrolled in time-limited subsidy programs who need a permanent housing resource in order to achieve or maintain housing stability. This includes, but is not limited to, households for whom a “lease-in-place” strategy could be used. - Households that are survivors of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or human trafficking, as defined under <u>Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing Act (HEARTH Act)</u>, <u>the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA)</u> and <u>Trafficking Victims Protection Act (TVPA)</u>
	Homeless	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Households that are survivors of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or human trafficking, as defined under <u>Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing Act (HEARTH Act)</u>, <u>the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA)</u> and <u>Trafficking Victims Protection Act (TVPA)</u> - Households in interim housing whose sites are closing - Households with long-term enrollment in interim housing - Households enrolled in programs that offer navigation, case management, and/or post-lease up retention services



Target Population – Priority B & Priority C

Priority Level	Eligible Households	LA CES Targeted Groups
B	<p>Recently Homeless <u>and</u> for whom providing rental assistance will prevent the household’s homelessness or having high risk of housing instability</p> <p>Or</p> <p>Homeless</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Recently homeless and homeless households not identified in Priority Level A-Group 2
C	<p>At risk of homelessness</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Households that are survivors of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or human trafficking, as defined under <u>Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing Act (HEARTH Act)</u>, <u>the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA)</u> and <u>Trafficking Victims Protection Act (TVPA)</u> - Households that have received or are receiving DHS or LAHSA-funded homelessness prevention resources <p>Households receiving prevention services that are targeted towards households that have a history of homelessness and are at very-high risk of homelessness</p>



Matching

- Priority Level A- Group 1 processed first (fleeing DV and VAWA transfers)
- If no Level A- Group 1 applications are present, Level A- Group 2 will not be delayed.
- The EHV Program applications are matched in the following order:
 - Priority Level A- Group 1
 - Priority Level A- Group 2
 - Priority Level B
 - Priority Level C



Equity

- Equity tools/frameworks include:
 - Provider and partner strategies
 - Data informed prioritization and matching strategies
 - Please note that based on fair housing laws, we cannot prioritize/match based on race, and thus we must identify other strategies to bring equity to resource distribution/utilization.
- Provider/Partner Outreach conducted thus far:
 - Outreach to smaller providers in SPA 6
 - Outreach to AIAN providers
 - Targeted application fairs to be implemented in September
 - Outreach to Interim Housing Providers in LA City which have high representation of Latinx



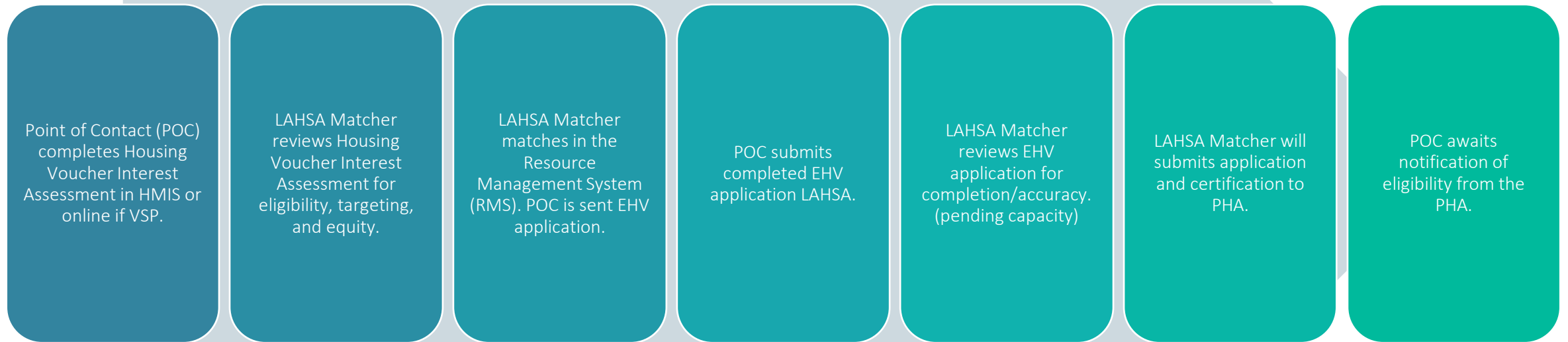
Equity

- Equity tool/framework currently being used:
 - Most Disadvantaged Communities, as defined through LAHSA analysis of CalEnviroScreen data
- Other tools/frameworks currently being explored for prioritization/matching:
 - Assessment of increased vulnerability to severe illness and/or death if the household contracts COVID-19 due to age and/or underlying medical conditions, regardless of vaccination status
 - Service Planning Areas (SPAs) subregions with high rates of homelessness
 - Justice involvement
- LAHSA welcomes suggestions for additional equity tools/framework.
- Upon completion of a more complete equity proposal, LAHSA will seek additional community feedback.

Process Flow & Progress



EHV Process Flow



* Timelines with vary depending on volume of assessment/applications and LAHSA/PHA capacity



LACDA Applications as of August 27

PHA applications submitted:

- Weekly EHV applications submitted: 82
- Total EHV applications submitted to date: 503

Applications and Assessments Pending Processing:

- EHV Applications pending submittal to LACDA: 92
- EHV Assessment Form submitted, pending review for application stage: estimated 200+



Vouchers Issued: 44



HACLA Applications as of August 27

PHA applications submitted:

- Weekly EHV applications submitted: 174
- Total EHV applications submitted to date: 1,357

Applications and Assessments Pending Processing:

- HACLA EHV Applications pending submittal to HACLA: 198
- EHV Assessment Form submitted, pending review for application stage: estimated 4000



Vouchers Issued: 44



Services Funding & System Challenges



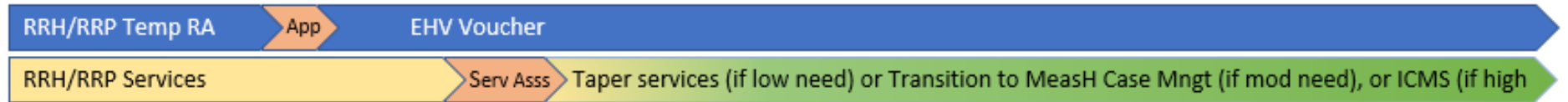
Subsidy + Services Funding Approach

Develop FY23 Measure H CM and ICMS Budget request based on assessment of service slots



FY21 FY22 FY23 FY24 FY25 FY26

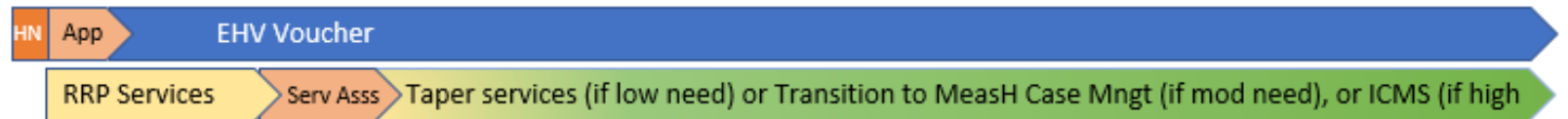
Transition in Place
RRH/RRP/SS



Transition in Place
FHSP



People currently unhoused
VSPs, PRK, IH, Targeted Unsheltered



System Challenges

External/System Challenge	Solutions
Provider staffing capacity	Leveraging all existing service provision for EHV; RFI in August; LAHSA taking on more active role in recruitment and training;
Service deficit	
Unit acquisition	Working with Brilliant Corners to expand tenancy supports
Communication to entire system	Landing page; EHV email address
Ongoing services beyond one-time funding	Progressive engagement to allow for ongoing services beyond time-limited; air traffic control pilot with DMH and DHS
Limited ICMS services	
Monitoring and correcting for equity issues	Policy allows for flexibility; currently prioritizing MDCs and working on more comprehensive strategy

QUESTIONS
