



OVERALL STATUTORY THEME

HOUSING ISSUES

- Rapidly growing homelessness
- Increasing lack of affordability in urban areas/job centers
- Increasing costs of land, labor, and supplies
- Investor-driven markets
- Inflation

STATE'S VIEWS ON HINDRANCES TO HOUSING

- NIMBYism
- Over-regulation by local governments
- Lack of incentives for builders



OVERALL STATUTORY THEME

STATE'S ATTEMPTS TO ADDRESS HOUSING ISSUES

- SB 330, SB 8 land use controls; prohibitions on lowering residential density; ministerial approval of development applications
- SB 35 failure to meet RHNA targets □ ministerial approval of certain residential development projects with affordability component and no CEQA review
- SB 9, SB 10 elimination of single family zoning and overturning of voter initiative process; ministerial approval

RESULTS

- Reduction in public health and safety and environmental protections
- Gentrification
- Failure to address underlying lack of housing and affordability
- Erosion of due process, transparency, and equal protection





SB9 - APPLICABLE LAW & IMPACTS

Applicable law

- Ministerial approval of lot splits and/or up to two housing units in a single-family zone or where single-family residences are the primary use
- Only objective development standards may be applied
- Very few exceptions apply

Adverse Impacts

- SB 9 does not allow a city to address public health, safety, or environmental concerns
- SB 9 disrupts land use, planning, and housing element laws
- SB 9 removes transparency, public engagement, and due process



SB9 - TWO LAWSUITS

General Law vs. Charter Law Cities

- General Law cities
 - Bound by the State's general laws, even with respect to municipal affairs (e.g., policing, elections, employees, land use)
 - State laws will pre-empt city laws/rules based on a Statewide interest or concern
- Charter Cities
 - Bound by a city's charter and has supreme authority over municipal affairs ("home rule")
 - Charter only needs to state the city intends to exercise its full power under the CA Constitution over all municipal affairs
 - **Exception**: where the state has stated an issue is of Statewide concern and State intends to occupy the field of regulation



SB9-TWOLAWSULTS

General Law City Lawsuit

- Not reasonably related to Statewide concern Nowhere in the text of SB 9 is there a reference to or requirement to make the new homes or lots subject to affordability covenants
- Two cities: Lakewood and Rancho Palos Verdes
- Hearing date: None yet, but expected to be late summer 2023

SB9 - TWO LAWSUITS

Charter City Lawsuit

- 1. State law addresses a matter of Statewide concern
- 2. Not reasonably related to Statewide concern
- 3. Not narrowly tailored to avoid unnecessary interference into local governance
 - SB 9 does not allow a city to address public health or safety concerns
 - SB 9 disrupts a city's housing element and State housing laws
 - SB 9 excludes certain areas unevenly and unfairly
 - SB 9 removes public engagement and lacks due process
- Four cities: Carson, Redondo Beach, Torrance, Whittier
- Hearing date: April 2023





State will continue to erode local control over other areas of municipal affairs, not just land use

- Become a charter city
- Make comments known to legislators
- Support legislation for local control
- Support Local Governments retaining local control and power on behalf of the community

