Cities Can Lead the Way to a Decentralized Clean Energy Future

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The Context: Urgent 21st Century Mandates

1. Sustainability => Stop making climate disruption worse

- Decarbonize, electrify, reduce & displace fossil fuels throughout society

2. Resilience => Prepare for imminent impacts of damage already done

Power essential municipal & community functions during grid outages

3. Energy Justice => Center environmental, social & economic justice

- Energy is a crucial factor in neighborhood health, not just a commodity
- Maximize clean energy benefits for ALL communities
- Mitigate historic harms & inequities from energy practices
- Ensure a just transition to a clean energy economy

All three goals require local solutions

1. Sustainability & Decarbonization — address the sources of emissions

- Zoning & land use; building codes; development strategies
- Housing affordable, densified, transit-oriented, electrified
- Mobility strategies, public spaces, habitat, urban agriculture & forestry
- Climate Action & Adaptation Plans; City/County General Plans

2. Resilience — maintain power during grid outages

 Don't depend entirely on the grid: Build carbon-free microgrids to power critical services & "resilience centers" when the grid goes down

3. Energy Justice, Equity

Target vulnerable neighborhoods — health, economic & resilience benefits

Local energy systems are essential for today's urgent needs but existing policies present major barriers.

Some local energy possibilities

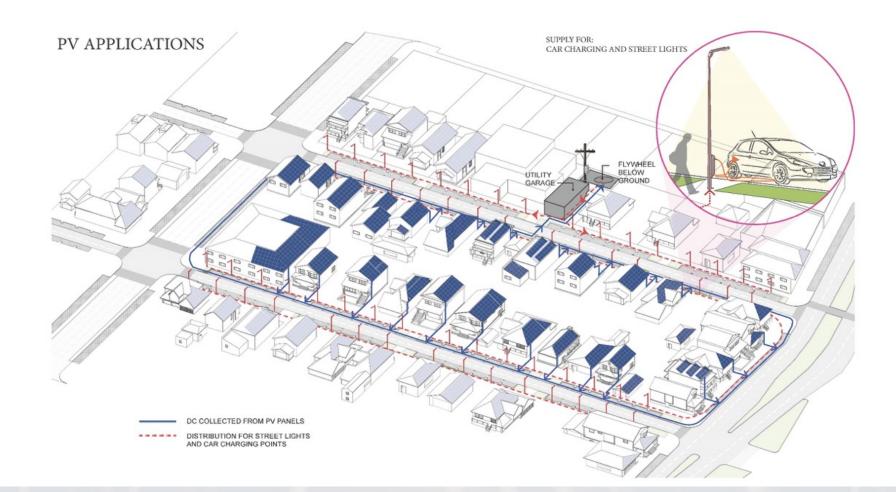
- Compensate individual customers to over-size rooftop solar+battery systems to provide energy to their neighbors.
- **Enable locally-owned co-op businesses** to supply electricity & electric vehicle charging as integral components of the local economy.
- Deploy municipal electrification projects public mobility fleets & school buses, powered by publicly-owned local renewable energy assets.
- Retrofit neighborhood "resilience centers" to provide emergency shelter, warmth or cooling, food, medical care, phone/internet service, & zero energy costs year-round.
- > Build local energy planning capacity to co-optimize local power production with tree canopy, land use, public space, stormwater capture at neighborhood level.

Local electricity systems are needed, feasible & cost-effective, but we don't have policy & planning frameworks to enable them.

Oakland EcoBlock: retrofit model for urban neighborhoods

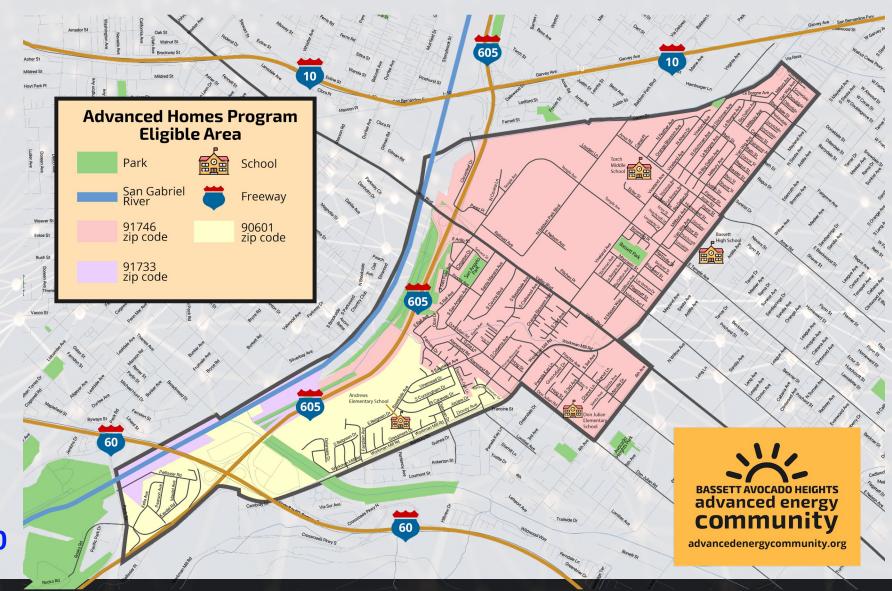
Community microgrid serves all customers on the block; integrated with grey water, stormwater capture, EV charging, food production, broadband ...

- Community & rooftop solar
- Community energy storage (flywheel + battery)
- Dynamic load management
- Shared EVs & coordinated charging
- Mcrogrid structure allows seamless islanding
- Single interconnection point to the utility grid
- CEC-funded demo project by UC Berkeley & Berkeley Lab
- Existing laws & regulations stifle commercial viability & prohibit replication of "multi-property microgrids"



Advanced Energy Community (AEC) Project

- Advanced homes => VPP; community solar; local EV micro-transit; resilience hub
- Bassett-Avocado Heights in unincorporated LA County
- Disadvantaged Community (DAC) census tracts
- 60% of residents on CARE (low-income rate)
- 84% Hispanic
- \$60,000 median income
- Predicted to experience over
 40 additional extreme heat
 days (> 35C) per year by 2050





Major industry trends collide with legacy policies

Distributed energy resources (DER) now compete with "The Grid"

- DER rapidly improve in performance, functionality, scalability & cost
- The Grid gets more expensive & still vulnerable to disruptions
- Customers who can afford DERs no longer need The Grid
- Grid defection by affluent customers will worsen energy inequities

Legacy 20th century policies favor utility-scale generation & transmission

- They assume new electrification load must be served by The Grid
- They view DERs as a problem requiring massive grid investment
- Worst-case planning inflates grid costs & stimulates grid defection

We need a new policy framework

- Maximize societal & grid benefits of DERs
- Encourage locally-owned & operated DERs & microgrids
- Make DERs accessible to all people & neighborhoods

We need multiple energy mind shifts

The utility-regulatory attitude

- From: DERs are a problem for the electricity system
- To: DERs are essential for meeting 21st century mandates

The electricity market concept

- From: Electricity is a commodity (suppliers supply & consumers consume)
- To: Electricity is a core determinant of neighborhood health & sustainability

The electricity planning paradigm

- From: Individual consumer choices, decisions & behaviors
- To: Neighborhood-level integration with housing, mobility, urban forests, etc.

The value of Energy Justice communities

- From: Passive recipients of grants & special regulatory treatment, charity
- To: Vital & needed economic producers of clean energy & societal value

Three policies for a bottom-up energy transition

1. Integrate energy planning into urban/county planning

- Identify local needs & priorities; to replace usual "community engagement"
- Develop state agency partnerships with local governments, tribes, CBOs
- Invest in energy planning capacity at the local level (2022 CA SB 833)

2. Adopt new regulations to allow local electricity transactions

- Integrate electricity production into the neighborhood economy
- Over-size on-site DER to supply local energy & grid services
- Aggregate DER operation to flatten net load profiles

3. Reform the distribution utility as an "Open Access DSO"

- Create an open, participatory distribution network to maximize DER value
- Maximize the value of DERs to communities, the grid & society

Strategies for achieving equitable local energy

- > Implement single-property microgrids => "community resilience centers"
 - Add solar + storage + controls to an existing building => minimal regulatory barriers; immediate resilience, energy cost & local economy benefits
 - New funding opportunities, e.g., SGC CRC and CEC CERI
- Urge state agencies (CPUC, CEC) to establish ongoing collaboration & communication with local government agencies & CBOs
- > Lobby the state to invest in local energy planning capacity
 - Identify local priorities, select sites & design local energy projects
- Develop business & financing models for locally owned & operated DER projects & microgrids
- Build a statewide local government movement for statutory/regulatory reform to allow local electricity projects to serve local needs

Deploy DERs for greater local self-reliance

